Application No. 11/062,830 Docket No.: 320528005.US00

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Previously Presented) A method of controlling the wait time (t_v) between the starting time of transmission of each of successive packets of known packet size (P) of a content to be transmitted to achieve a target bandwidth (B_r) during the transmission comprising the steps of:

selecting a target bandwidth (B_r) sought to be achieved during the transmission; computing a wait time (t_w) between the starting time of the successive packets of the transmission using the algorithm

$$t_w = \frac{P}{B_m}$$
 ; and

controlling the transmission of the packets so that there is a residual time (t) between the ending time of transmission of one packet and the starting time of transmission of the next packet to establish the wait time (t_w).

- (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the residual time t that is used is rounded to a time unit.
- (Original) The method as claimed in claim 2 wherein the rounding to the time unit is accomplished by a counter.
- 4. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 5 wherein the time $t_{\rm mod}$ is determined by:

determining the starting time t_1 of transmission of a packet; determining the ending time t_2 of transmission of the packet, and determining the time used t_{met} in transmitting the packet as $t_2 - t_1$. Application No. 11/062,830 Docket No.: 320528005.US00

 (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the step of controlling further comprises the steps of:

- (a) determining a time used (t_{ueed}) in the transmission of a packet, and
- (b) waiting the residual time t between the ending time of transmission of one packet to the starting time of transmission of the next packet.
- (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 5 further comprising the step of repeating steps (a) and (b) for each packet transmitted.
- 7. (Previously Presented) A method as in claim 1 wherein the controlling of the transmission of the packets with a residual time t between successive packets is comprised of:

determining a value of starting time $t_{\text{\tiny start}}$, of transmitting a packet and a current time $t_{\text{\tiny nore}}$;

performing a loop operation of:

- (a) computing a time $t_{elapsed} = t_{now} t_{start}$,
- (b) comparing $t_{elapsed}$ to the residual time t and transmitting the next packet when the value of $t_{elapsed} \ge t$.
- 8. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 7 further comprising the steps of computing an error value $\delta = t_{elapued} t$ and subtracting the value δ from a later supplied value of t.
 - 9. (Cancelled)
 - 10. (Cancelled)

Application No. 11/062,830 Docket No.: 320528005.US00

11. (Original) The method of claim 1, including the additional step of selecting the known packet size (P) of the packets to be transmitted.

- 12. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the known packet size (P) is provided by an application.
- 13. (Previously Presented) Apparatus for controlling the transmission of successive packets of known packet size (P) of a content to be transmitted to achieve a target bandwidth B_{τ} during the transmission comprising:

a computer including

a program to control transmission of a content in packets of data;

means to input and receive parameters of the size (P) of each of the packets to be transmitted and of the desired target bandwidth (B_r) ; and

control means to successively transmit the packets to have a residual time

- (t) between the ending time of transmission of one packet and the starting of transmission of the next successive packet to achieve a wait time $t_{\rm w}$ between the packets such that $t_{\rm w} = \frac{P}{B_{\rm m}}$.
- (Previously Presented) Apparatus as in claim 15 wherein said first means comprises:

means for determining the starting time (t_i) of transmission of a packet; means for determining the ending time (t_2) of transmission of the packet, and means for determining the time used (t_{next}) in transmitting the packet as (t_2-t_1) .

15. (Previously Presented) Apparatus as in claim 13 wherein said computer further comprises:

first means for determining the time used (t_{used}) in the transmission of a packet; and

Application No. 11/062.830 Docket No.: 320528005.US00

wherein said control means operates based on the determined t_{uxd} to wait the residual time t between the ending time of transmission of one packet to the starting time of transmission of the next packet.

- 16. (Previously Presented) Apparatus as in claim 15 wherein said control means operates to wait the residual time t between the starting time of transmission of one packet to the starting time of transmission of the next packet based on computing $t_w t_{mod}$.
- 17. (Previously Presented) Apparatus as in claim 13 further comprising means for controlling the residual time *t* by

determining a value of starting time $t_{\tiny start}$, and a current time $t_{\tiny now}$ performing a loop operation of:

- (a) computing a time $t_{slarged} = t_{now} t_{start}$, and
- (b) comparing t_{slaperd} to the residual time t and transmitting the next packet when the value of t_{slaperd} ≥ t.
- 18. (Original) Apparatus as in claim 17 further comprising means for computing an error value $\delta = t_{alapsed} t$ and subtracting the value δ from a later supplied value of t.
- (Previously Presented) Apparatus as in claim 13 wherein said control means further comprises a counter that operates on a periodic basis to measure the residual time
- 20. (Previously Presented) Apparatus as in claim 13 wherein said computer operates said control means to compute the residual time t based on other measured times.